



COUNTY BOROUGH OF BRADFORD.

→ REPORT ←

ON THE

Health of Bradford

FOR THE YEAR 1894.

BY

W. ARNOLD EVANS, M.D.,

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

TOGETHER WITH THE REPORT ON THE

Infectious Diseases Hospital

BY

A. E. FOSTER, M.R.C.S., Eng.,

MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.



BRADFORD :

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Sanitary Committee, 1894.

(Meets Every Wednesday at 5 p.m.)



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MR. COUNCILLOR J. FREEMAN, Deputy Chairman.

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Fever Hospital Committee, 1894.

(Meets Last Tuesday in Each Month.)



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F. M. RIMMINGTON, F.C.S.,	Public Analyst.
JAS. CHAMBERS,	Chief Inspector of Nuisances.
W. EGLIN,	Meat Inspector.
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F. ARMITAGE,	Inspector of Workshops.
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C. SUTCLIFFE,	Disinfecting Officer.
J. McTAGGART,	Manager of Destructor Works.
H. J. PEACOCK,	Statistical Clerk.
G. H. BRAMFITT,	Clerk.
H. DRAKE,	Junior Clerk.

— O —

In addition to the above the Medical Officer of Health is assisted in the Inspection of New Buildings by the following officers under the Building Committee :—

T. PRESTON,	Chief Building Inspector.
I. INGHAM, Assistant	,
GLEDHILL,	,

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COUNTY BOROUGH OF BRADFORD, 1894.

CHART shewing the principal Meteorological Conditions and Death-rate during each Week of the Year 1894.

THESE FIGURES REFER TO THE NUMBER OF DEATHS.

WEEKLY RANGE OF TEMPERATURE.

BAROMETRIC READINGS.

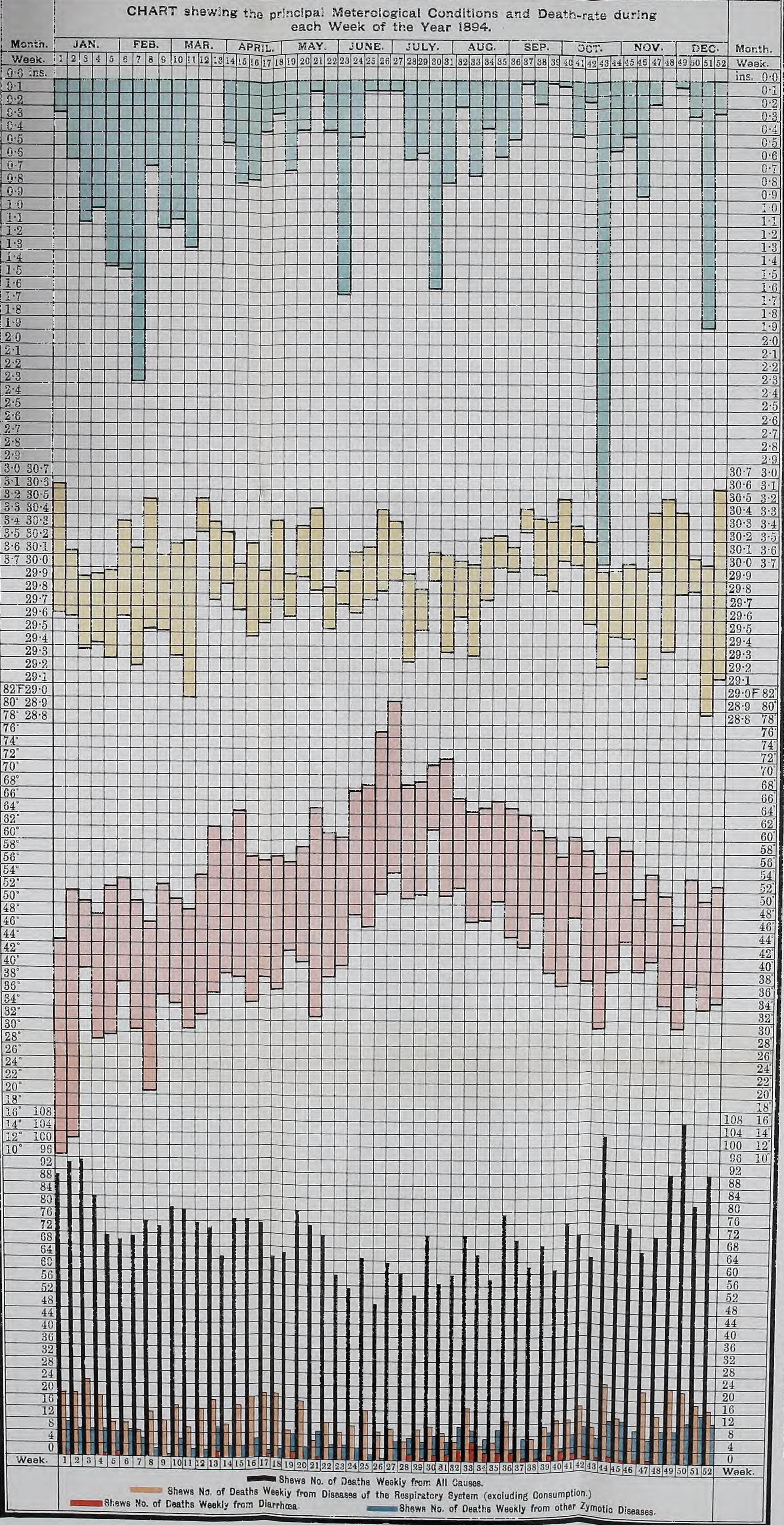
RAINFALL.

RAINFALL.

BAROMETRIC READINGS.

WEEKLY RANGE OF TEMPERATURE.

THESE FIGURES REFER TO THE NUMBER OF DEATHS.





VITAL STATISTICS.



POPULATION.

The estimate of the population of the Borough of Bradford by the Registrar General in the middle of the year 1894 was 223,985, an increase of 2,375 upon that for the previous year. Of the total increase, 91 per cent. is accounted for by the excess of births over deaths, viz.: 2,163, leaving only 212 or nearly 9 per cent. as due to the balance of immigration over emigration.

TABLE I.

Shewing Corrected Population, Birth-rate, and Mortality Rates, from 1890-94.

YEAR.	Corrected Estimate of Population to middle of each year.	ANNUAL RATE PER 1,000 LIVING.		
		Birth-Rate.	Death-Rate.	Zymotic-Rate.
1890	214,634	29.10	23.21	2.3
1891	216,938	28.64	22.12	2.35
1892	219,262	27.18	17.91	1.46
1893	221,610	27.58	20.90	3.22
1894	223,985	26.60	16.95	1.65

The population is distributed in the various wards as shewn in Table II.

TABLE II.

WARDS.		Population.	Acreage.	Persons per Acre.
North	...	13,234	372	35.6
South	...	13,586	308	44.1
East	...	16,132	392	41.1
West	...	14,712	166	88.6
Listerhills	...	19,356	320	60.5
Great Horton	...	15,293	1283	11.9
Little Horton	...	15,844	428	37.0
East Bowling	...	16,630	557	29.9
West Bowling	...	17,859	1004	17.8
Exchange	...	5,018	117	43.0
Bradford Moor	...	18,138	674	26.9
Manningham	...	23,261	457	50.9
Bolton	...	8,723	994	8.8
Heaton	...	16,676	879	19.0
Allerton	...	9,523	2815	3.4
BOROUGH TOTAL		223,985	10,776	20.8

MARRIAGES.

The returns kindly given to me by Mr. Crowther, the Superintendent Registrar for Bradford, and by Mr. Helmsley for the North Bierley district, shew that the number of Marriages solemnized in the Borough during 1894 amounted to 2035. This gives a rate of 1 marriage for every 110 of the population, a larger proportion than was registered for 1893, when there was only one wedding for 114 of the population.

TABLE III.

Periods.	Number of Marriages.	Proportion of Marriages to Population.
1891	2,171	1 in 99
1892	2,059	1 in 106
1893	1,944	1 in 114
1894	2,035	1 in 110

BIRTHS.

The total number of Births registered during 1894 was 5,960, 3,044 of which were of male infants, and 2,916 of females. The birth-rate per 1,000 of the population is therefore 26.60. This is the lowest birth-rate yet recorded, and is 3.7 per cent. lower than that for 1893.

TABLE IV.

Shewing Birth-rates in Bradford and other 8 large towns for 52 weeks, ending December 29th, 1894.

Towns in order of magnitude of Rates.	Birth-rate per 1,000.
Liverpool	35.8
Leeds	32.9
Manchester	32.7
Birmingham	31.5
Sheffield	31.5
London	29.5
Nottingham	29.2
Bristol	27.0
Bradford	26.60
33 Large Towns	30.4

From the above table it is seen that Bradford has the lowest birth-rate of the 9 largest towns of England, and that its birth-rate is over 12 per cent lower than that for the 33 great towns, whose average is 30.4 per 1,000.

In the various wards the birth-rate varies from 20.5 in the Exchange Ward to 30.2 in West Bowling Ward.

TABLE V.
Showing the Births and Birth-rate in the Borough of Bradford in each of the 15 Wards in 1894.

WARDS.	MALES.			FEMALES.			MALES AND FEMALES.			Birth-rate per 1000.
	Legitimate.	Illegitimate.	Total.	Legitimate.	Illegitimate.	Total.	Legitimate.	Illegitimate.	Total.	
North	154	15	169	151	14	165	305	29	334	25.2
South	202	16	218	177	13	190	379	29	408	30.0
East	225	12	237	221	8	229	446	20	466	28.9
West	159	16	175	174	10	184	333	26	359	24.4
Listerhills	223	9	232	218	11	229	441	20	461	23.8
Great Horton...	200	6	206	189	2	191	389	8	397	25.9
Little Horton.	209	38	247	185	33	218	394	71	465	29.3
East Bowling..	218	15	233	200	16	216	418	31	449	27.0
West Bowling..	248	11	259	275	5	280	522	16	539	30.2
Exchange ..	47	5	52	44	7	51	81	12	93	20.5
Bradford Moor	264	15	279	257	9	260	521	24	545	30.0
Manningham .	319	14	333	267	13	280	586	27	613	26.6
Bolton	100	6	106	106	1	107	206	7	213	24.4
Heaton	159	3	162	186	5	191	345	8	353	21.2
Allerton ...	134	2	136	118	1	119	252	3	255	26.8
BOROUGH TOTAL	2861	183	3044	2768	148	2916	5629	331	5960	26.60

Table VI. shews the total births and birth-rates in each quarter of the year.

TABLE VI.

Shewing number of Births and Birth-rates in each quarter of 1894.

1894.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.	Birth-rate per 1000 living.
1st Quarter ...	804	714	1518	27.2
2nd , , ...	762	753	1515	27.1
3rd , , ...	716	765	1481	26.5
4th , , ...	762	684	1446	25.9

Illegitimacy.

Out of the total 5,960 births registered 331 were illegitimate, giving a rate of 5.5 per cent of the total births, a slight relapse upon the per centage of the previous year which was 5.2 per cent.

TABLE VII.

Shewing the Illegitimate Births and Birth-rate in Bradford during each of the five years 1890-1894 inclusive.

Year.	Illegitimate Births.	Per cent. of Total Births.
1890	359	5.7
1891	362	5.8
1892	329	5.5
1893	320	5.2
1894	331	5.5

Table VIII. gives the illegitimate rate for each ward, it shews that, as usual, the highest rates are found in the most densely populated districts.

TABLE VIII.

Shewing proportion of Illegitimate Births in each Ward during 1894.

WARDS.												* Proportion of Illegitimate Births to Total Births.
North	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 in 10.2
South	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 12.5
East	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 20.7
West	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 12.2
Listerhills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 20.5
Great Horton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 44.1
Little Horton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 12.1
East Bowling	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 12.9
West Bowling	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 29.9
Exchange	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 7.6
Bradford Moor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 20.2
Manningham	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 20.2
Bolton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 26.9
Heaton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 39.2
Allerton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	,, 7.5
BOROUGH TOTAL												1 in 18.0

* Illegitimate Births in Workhouse distributed among the Wards.

DEATHS.

The total number of deaths registered in 1894 was 3,797, 1,890 of which were of males, and 1,907 of females. The total death-rate is therefore 16·95* per 1,000 living, the lowest death-rate yet recorded. The Report of the Registrar General shews death-rate for the 33 great towns of the country to be 18·1 per 1,000, or 6·2 per cent. higher than that of Bradford.

* This takes no account of 36 deaths of persons resident outside the Borough boundary which occurred in the Hospitals of the town. If these be excluded, the death-rate is 16·7 per 1000.

TABLE IX.

YEAR.	Estimated Population in the middle of each year.	Births.	Deaths.	Annual rate per 1000 living.	
				Births.	Deaths.
* 1881	184,037	6058	3612	33·0	19·6
1882	200,158	6225	4142	31·3	21·3
† 1883	204,807	5953	3741	29·1	18·3
1884	209,504	6216	4255	29·1	20·0
1885	214,431	6218	3791	28·98	17·6
1886	219,411	6285	4187	28·64	19·08
1887	224,507	6202	4458	27·62	19·86
1888	229,721	6266	3922	27·27	17·15
1889	235,056	6272	4492	26·69	19·11
† 1890	240,515	6247	4982	25·97	20·14
* 1891	216,938	6214	4800	28·64	21·98
1892	219,262	5959	3927	27·18	17·91
1893	221,610	6112	4632	27·58	20·90
1894	223,985	5960	3797	26·60	16·95

* Census years.

† In these years the births and deaths are those registered in 53 weeks.

TABLE X.

Comparative Table, shewing the Estimated Population, Birth-rate, Death-rate, and Infantile Death-rate in each of the Ten largest towns of England and Wales (these having a population of over 200,000) for the year 1894.

	Estimated population to middle of 1894.	Birth-rate.	Death-rate.	Zymotic rate.	Deaths of Infants to 1000 Births.
London	4,349,166	30.9	20.6	2.8	155
Liverpool	507,230	34.7	24.7	2.9	181
Manchester ..	520,211	33.7	23.8	3.0	179
Birmingham ..	4,23,301	33.3	20.4	2.5	166
Leeds	388,761	33.5	19.8	2.2	169
Sheffield	338,316	35.3	20.8	3.1	171
Bristol	226,578	29.6	19.5	2.1	147
Bradford ...	223,985	26.6	16.9	1.6	144
Nottingham ..	223,584	29.4	18.7	2.3	167
Hull	212,679	35.0	19.6	2.6	166

Mortality in the Wards.

From Table XI. it is seen that the mortality in the Wards varies from 12.4 per 1000 in Allerton to 19.0 per 1000 in the North Ward.

TABLE XI.

Shewing the mortality rates in the various Wards.

The relative mortality at the different seasons of the year is shewn in Table XII.

TABLE XII.

	Zymotic Diseases.	Consumption.	Lung Diseases excluding Consumption.	From all causes.
First Quarter ..	1.6	1.9	3.7	18.5
Second Quarter ..	1.2	1.8	3.2	15.8
Third Quarter ...	1.7	1.3	2.1	15.1
Fourth Quarter...	2.4	1.4	3.9	18.6
Whole Year ...	1.65	1.60	3.23	16.95

Ages at Death.

INFANTILE MORTALITY.—The number of deaths of infants under one year was 860, giving an infantile mortality rate of 144.3 per 1000 births. The corresponding rate in 1893 was 198 per 1000 births.

The average rate for the thirty-three largest towns was 152. The highest rate of 217 occurred in Preston, and the lowest rate of 121 in Croydon. In London the rate was 143.

The chief diseases to which the deaths of infants are attributed are as follows:—

TABLE XIII.

Rates of Mortality of Children under 1 year of age, from Chief Infantile Diseases per 1000 Births.

	1893.		1894.	
	Total Deaths.	Rate per 1000 Births.	Total Deaths.	Rate per 1000 Births.
From all Causes	1211	198	860	144
Lung Diseases	274	44	188	32
Convulsions	173	28	128	21
Atrophy and Debility	185	30	139	23
Premature Birth	143	23	122	20
Diarrhoea	187	31	33	5
Whooping Cough	46	8	23	4
Tuberculous Disease	37	6	23	4
Measles	21	3	31	5

Table XIV. shows the infantile death-rate in the Wards. The West Ward, as usual, has the highest figure.

TABLE XIV.

Shewing number of Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age and the Death-rate per 1000 Births in each Ward.

WARDS.	Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age.	Death-rate per 1000 Births.
North	53	159
South	58	143
East	56	120
West	78	217
Listerhills	61	132
Great Horton	53	133
Little Horton	74	159
East Bowling	85	189
West Bowling	68	126
Exchange	17	165
Bradford Moor	73	134
Manningham	77	126
Bolton	35	164
Heaton	47	133
Allerton	25	98
BOROUGH TOTAL	860	144

TABLE XV.

Shewing the proportion of Deaths of Children under 1 year and under 5 in the Borough of Bradford, during the 18 years 1877-94.

YEARS.	Deaths under 1 year per 1000 Births.	Deaths under 1 year per 100 Deaths at all ages.	Death-rate under 5 years per 1000 living at that age.	Death-rate under 5 years per 100 deaths at all ages.
1877	157	27.1	78.6	44.3
1878	178	25.9	85.7	47.4
1879	152	23.5	74.3	42.4
1880	176	27.2	82.2	48.0
1881	154	25.8	56.4	40.7
1882	174	27.0	71.4	45.9
1883	147	23.4	50.5	36.8
1884	181	34.2	62.1	41.2
1885	144	23.6	49.9	37.7
1886	168	25.1	59.4	41.5
1887	179	24.9	62.0	41.6
1888	153	24.6	50.0	39.0
1889	181	25.3	60.8	42.6
1890	169	21.2	55.8	35.9
1891	181	23.4	57.2	39.0
1892	155	23.5	44.8	37.4
1893	198	26.1	79.5	39.7
1894	144	22.6	59.2	36.1

Between the ages of 1 and 5 years there occurred 510 deaths; from 5 to 15 years there were 167 deaths; from 15 to 25, 218 deaths; from 25 to 60, 1139 deaths; and at 60 years of age and upwards, 903 deaths. Of the deaths above 55 years of age, Table XVI. gives a more detailed account.

TABLE XVI.

Ages	55 to 65	65 to 75	75 to 85	85 to 95	95 and upwards.
Deaths	427	435	224	23	...

Deaths in Public Institutions.

The number of deaths occurring in the Public Institutions of the Borough during 1894 was 492, consisting of 291 males and 201 females, distributed as follows:—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Scholemoor Hospital	14	10	24
St. Catherine's Home	3	9	12
Children's Hospital	18	8	26
Fever Hospital	19	18	37
Infirmary	85	50	135
Workhouse	152	106	258
	291	201	492

Infectious Diseases.

The number of deaths caused by diseases of an infective character was 371, a great improvement upon the total of 713 for the previous year. Table XVII. gives the number of deaths from each of the zymotic diseases since 1885.

TABLE XVII.

Shewing number of Deaths from Zymotic Diseases in Bradford during the years 1883-1894.

DISEASES.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	Total in 10 years for each Disease.
Small-pox	2	...	...	2	1	...	...	4	113	27	149
Measles	33	103	124	120	113	208	81	62	68	111	1023
Scarlet Fever	46	89	98	33	63	46	143	45	71	72	706
Diphtheria	19	9	13	7	12	8	13	10	19	13	123
Whooping Cough	108	13	150	38	178	50	133	90	97	63	920
Typhus Fever	3	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	6
Typhoid Fever	30	35	32	19	48	31	27	18	48	31	319
Other or doubtful Fevers	4	3	1	7	4	3	5	1	5	1	34
Diarrhoea	75	235	202	131	205	154	106	91	292	53	1544
Total Zymotic Diseases each year ...	320	487	620	357	625	500	510	321	713	371	4824

The death-rate from Zymotic diseases amounts to 1.656 per 1,000 of the population, and is made up as follows :—

TABLE XVIII.—*Zymotic Diseases, 1894.*

DISEASES.	Deaths.	Death-rate per 1000.
Small-pox	27	.120
Measles	111	.495
Scarlet Fever	72	.321
Diphtheria	13	.058
Whooping Cough	63	.281
Typhus Fever ... ... ... ...	...	...
Typhoid Fever	31	.138
Diarrhoea	53	.230
“Fever”	1	.004
TOTAL	371	1.656

The Zymotic rate for the thirty-three great towns is 2.4 per 1,000, or 45 per cent. higher than that for Bradford. The Registrar-General's returns show that the Zymotic death-rate varied from 0.9 per 1,000 in Huddersfield to 3.3 per 1,000 in Salford.

Table XXX³ shows that amongst the Wards the highest Zymotic rate occurs in East Bowling, viz., 2.9 per 1,000, and the lowest, 0.9 per 1,000, in Heaton Ward.

NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.—The number of cases of Infectious disease coming to my knowledge during 1894 is shown in the following Table, and compared with the number for 1893:—

TABLE XIX.

MONTH.	1894.	1893.
January ...	241	108
February ...	175	116
March ...	130	122
April ...	126	135
May ...	173	175
June ...	117	199
July ...	118	528
August ...	112	321
September ...	108	275
October ...	104	306
November ...	119	421
December ...	74	208
	—	—
	1597	2914

The diseases were specified as follows:—

MONTH.	1894.	1893.
Scarlet Fever ...	1035	1445
Typhoid Fever ...	141	215
Typhus Fever ...	—	—
Small-pox ...	196	995
Continued Fever ...	2	5
Relapsing Fever ...	—	1
Puerperal Fever ...	22	18
Diphtheria ...	49	71
Membranous Croup ...	8	18
Erysipelas ...	144	146
English Cholera ...	—	—
	—	—
	1597	2914

SCARLET FEVER.—Out of the total of 1,035 cases of this disease notified 72 proved fatal, giving a case mortality of 6.96 per cent.

The occurrence of the cases was distributed over the quarters of the year as follows:—

1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.
288	288	254	205

About half of the cases, viz. 521, were removed from home and treated in the Fever Hospital. In order to compare the result of treatment at home with that in the hospital the Table XX. has been constructed, which shews that during the past three years the mortality of home-treated cases has been in excess of that of hospital-treated cases, the difference being most marked during 1894.

TABLE XX.

Scarlet Fever cases treated at Home and in Hospital, 1892-94.

YEAR.	'Treated in Hospital.		'Treated at Home.	
	Number of cases.	Death-rate per cent.	Number of cases.	Death-rate per cent.
1892	592	4·2	352	5·6
1893	289	5·8	1156	4·6
1894	521	5·3	514	8·5

Table XXI. gives the number of notifications and deaths, together with the death-rate per 10,000 of the population since 1870.

TABLE XXI.—Scarlet Fever.

YEAR.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Notifications.	Death-rate per 10,000 living.
1870	241	...	16.93
1871	144	...	9.79
1872	81	...	5.53
1873	47	...	3.00
1874	289	...	17.72
1875	458	...	27.21
1876	143	...	8.23
1877	110	...	6.13
1878	156	...	8.42
1879	184	...	9.45
1880	190	...	9.64
*1881	118	(6 mos) 424	6.41
1882	66	408	3.29
1883	36	352	1.75
1884	33	493	1.54
1885	46	786	2.15
1886	89	1118	4.06
1887	98	1308	4.37
1888	33	407	1.43
1889	63	543	2.68
1890	46	546	1.91
1891	143	1163	6.59
1892	45	944	2.05
1893	71	1445	3.20
1894	72	1035	3.21

* First year of Notification.

Table XXII. shows that the death-rate from Scarlet Fever is very much higher amongst children under 3 years of age than in those who are a few years older.

TABLE XXII.

Notifications, Deaths, and Death-rate from Scarlet Fever at different Age Periods during 1894.

AGES.	Notifications.	Deaths.	Death-rate per 100.
Under 1 year	13	6	46.15
1 year and under 2	36	6	16.67
2 years , , 3	53	10	18.87
3 years , , 4	98	7	7.14
4 years , , 5	122	5	4.10
5 years , , 10	481	27	5.61
10 years , , 15	152	6	3.95
15 years and upwards... ...	80	5	6.25
TOTALS	1035	72	6.96

SMALL-POX.—The epidemic of 1893 continued during the first half of the following year, and it was not until the end of July that the Borough was entirely free from the disease. From Table XXIII. it is seen that there were 196 cases during the year, and that 27 terminated fatally, giving a total percentage death-rate of 13.8.

TABLE XXIII.

Shewing the total number of Cases of Small-pox, the number of Deaths and Case Mortality.

AGES.	MALES.			FEMALES.			Total case fatality per cent.
	Cases.	Deaths.	Death-rate per cent.	Cases.	Deaths.	Death-rate per cent.	
Under 5	9	3	33.3	5	4	80	50
5—10	8	...	...	3	...	...	...
10—20	12	...	...	17	4	23.5	13.8
20—30	30	5	16.7	27	1	3.7	10.5
30—40	27	5	18.5	14	2	14.3	17.0
40 and upwards.	25	3	12	19	...	...	6.8
TOTAL...	111	16	14.4	85	11	12.9	13.8

The above tabular statement takes no account of the condition of the cases in reference to vaccination.

The Small-pox Hospital at Scholemoor was closed at the end of July, and with the exception of its being used for a solitary case in the following October has not been re-opened. Table A in the Appendix shows that the cases were distributed over the whole of the Borough and not confined to any particular district.

MEASLES.—During the months of June and July this disease was so extensively prevalent that it was deemed advisable to recommend the closing of some of the Day Schools and Sunday Schools, especially in the North and East Wards. There were 111 deaths registered as due to measles, 106 being in children under 5 years of age.

The mortality was distributed over the quarters of the year as follows:—

1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.
I	10	21	79

The greatest number of deaths occurred in Little Horton Ward.

DIPHTHERIA.—Of this disease 49 cases were reported to the Health Department, 18 of them being in children under 5 years of age. The number of deaths amounted to 13, giving a fatality of 26 per cent. of the cases reported. The largest number of the cases, viz. 9, occurred in Bradford Moor Ward.

WHOOPING COUGH.—There were 63 deaths attributed to this infantile disorder, 62 of which were those of children below 5 years of age. This is about the average yearly number of deaths from the disease.

ENTERIC OR TYPHOID FEVER.—Of Typhoid Fever, 141 cases came to my knowledge during the year, 31 of which ended fatally, giving a case mortality of 21.9 per cent. Although no one part of the Borough was affected in much greater proportion than the rest, yet there was a small group of cases in the Dudley Hill district which seemed to have a common origin. My inquiries satisfied me that these cases were attributable to the sudden rush of steam from neighbouring factory boilers directly into the sewer; there can be no doubt that the practice of discharging steam into the sewers greatly increases the pressure of the air in them and forces noxious gases through the house traps.

Table XXIV. gives the number of cases and fatality at several age periods.

TABLE XXIV.

Shewing number of cases, deaths and case-mortality from Typhoid Fever during the year 1894.

AGE.	CASES.		DEATHS.		Death-rate per cent.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Under 5	3	4	1	...	14.2
5-10	17	14	1	1	6.4
10-20	28	12	2	6	20.0
20-30	19	11	5	1	20.0
30-40	9	8	6	1	41.1
40-50	7	2	4	1	55.5
50 and upwards	5	2	2	...	28.5
ALL AGES...	88	53	21	10	21.9

In Table XXV. is given the distribution of the disease in the different quarters of the year.

TABLE XXV.

Notification of Typhoid Fever.

YEAR.	1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.	Total.
1885	34	27	39	53	153
1886	29	30	48	52	159
1887	19	22	69	43	153
1888	10	14	20	61	105
1889	13	14	88	52	167
1890	37	8	35	64	144
1891	35	27	43	52	157
1892	16	10	34	20	80
1893	17	14	83	101	215
1894	56	24	26	35	141

Table XXVI. gives the monthly incidence of the disease.

TABLE XXVI.

Shewing number of cases notified and number of Deaths from Typhoid Fever in each month of the year 1894.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Notification ...	31	15	10	6	7	11	5	7	14	5	12	18
Deaths ...	6	4	2	3	...	...	1	1	6	1	3	4

TABLE XXVII.

Shewing number of deaths and percentage mortality from Typhoid Fever during each of the last 10 years.

YEARS.	No. of Deaths.	Deaths per 100 cases notified.
1885	30	19.6
1886	35	22.0
1887	32	20.9
1888	19	18.1
1889	48	28.7
1890	31	21.5
1891	27	17.2
1892	18	22.5
1893	48	22.3
1894	31	22.0

TABLE XXVIII.

Cases of Typhoid treated at Home and in Hospital 1892-94.

YEAR.	Treated in Hospital.		Treated at Home.	
	Cases.	Death-rate per cent.	Cases.	Death-rate per cent.
1892	50	22.0	30	23.3
1893	11	36.3	204	21.5
1894	45	15.5	96	25.0

TABLE XXIX.

Notifications of *Typhoid Fever* in different streets, 1894.

NORTH WARD.

1, Arthur Street.	2, Southampton Street.
2, Back Victoria Terrace.	6, Wild Boar Street.

SOUTH WARD.

1, Caine Place.	1, Mount Street.
2, Harris Street.	1, Mulgrave Street.
2, Joseph Street.	3, Percival Street.
1, Knowsley Street.	2, Thursby Street.

EAST WARD.

1, Barkerend Road.	1, Lonsdale Street.
1, Boldshay Street.	1, Maperton Road.
1, Cowper Place.	1, Sydenham Place.
1, Heap Lane.	1, Tennyson Place.
1, Hillside Villas.	2, Undercliffe Street.
1, Hustler Street.	1, Upper Bolton Street.
1, Lofthouse Street.	

WEST WARD.

1, City Road.	1, Infirmary.
2, Grattan Road.	

LISTERHILLS WARD.

1, Abram Gate.	1, Hampden Place.
1, Crowther Street.	1, Lower Ashgrove.
1, Duncan Street.	1, Mannville Terrace.
1, Ebor Street.	1, Park Road.
2, Fitzgerald Street.	1, Randall Well Street.

GREAT HORTON WARD.

1, Clive Terrace.	1, Lime Street.
1, Copthorne Road.	1, Old Road.
2, Derby Street.	1, St. Margaret's Terrace.
1, Gale Street.	1, Sherborne Road.
1, Halstead Place.	2, Southfield Lane.
1, Havelock Street.	1, Stephenson Street.
1, Ireton Street.	

LITTLE HORTON WARD.

1, Franklin Street.	1, Prince Street.
1, Jacob Street.	1, Thomas Street.
1, Horton Lane.	2, Workhouse.
1, Parkinson Street.	

EAST BOWLING WARD.

5, Bedford Street.
1, Bolling Street.
1, Broom Street.
2, Hall Lane.
1, Hardy Street.
4, Moody Street.

1, Penn Street.
1, Plantation Place.
1, Pollard Street.
1, Sturges Street.

WEST BOWLING WARD.

2, Baxendall Street.
1, Birch Lane.
1, Bombay Street.
2, Bowling Old Lane.
1, Boynton Street.
1, Cotewall Road.
1, Gaythorne Road.

1, Malt Street.
1, Mitchell Street.
1, Parkside Road.

1, Ryan Street.
2, Upper Castle Street.

EXCHANGE WARD.

1, Eastbrook Lane.

BRADFORD MOOR WARD.

1, Gay Lane.
1, Greenhill Lane.
1, Harewood Street.

1, Leeds Road.
6, Victor Street.

MANNINGHAM WARD.

1, Arthington Street.
1, Bingley Street.
1, Carlisle Place.
1, Carlisle Road.

2, Ingleby Street.
1, Waile Street.
1, Wallis Street.
1, Young Street.

BOLTON WARD.

1, Bateman Street.
3, Midland Road.

1, Quarry Place.

HEATON WARD.

1, Frankland Fold.
1, Leamington Street.

1, Quarry Street.

ALLERTON WARD.

1, Argyle Street.
1, Chellow Terrace.

2, Girlington Road.

DIARRHOEA.—The deaths certified as due to Diarrhoea amounted to 53, a great improvement upon the total of 292 for the previous year. Table XXX. gives more detailed information of the incidence of the disease in reference to age and season.

TABLE XXX.

*Shewing the number of deaths from Diarrhœa during
each quarter of 1894.*

	1st quarter.	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.
Under 5 years	3	3	26	12
Over 5 ,,,	3	1	3	2

TABLE XXXI.
Shewing the number of Notifications from each Disease during 1894 in the different Wards.

WARDS.	Smallpox.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Diphtheria	Erysipelas	* Pu'erperal Fever.	* M'bran's Continued Fever.	* Relapsing Fever.	TOTAL.
North ...	10	56	11	...	6	14	4	3	...	104
South ...	13	63	13	...	3	6	1	...	...	99
East ...	11	114	14	...	5	11	1	...	...	156
West ...	22	45	4	...	5	12	5	1	...	94
Listerhills ...	20	128	11	...	1	19	1	...	1	181
Great Horton ...	24	101	15	...	3	16	2	...	...	161
Little Horton ...	8	61	8	...	3	8	2	...	1	91
East Bowling ...	9	46	18	...	6	13	1	1	...	...
West Bowling ...	19	66	15	...	...	10	2	1	...	113
Exchange ...	3	15	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	24
Bradford Moor ...	12	65	10	...	9	11	...	...	...	107
Manningham ...	22	154	9	...	1	8	2	2	...	198
Bolton ...	3	24	5	...	1	2	...	...	...	35
Heaton ...	11	60	3	...	3	8	...	...	...	85
Allerton ...	9	37	4	...	3	1	1	...	...	55
BOROUGH TOTAL ...	196	1035	141	—	49	144	22	8	2	—

* Notification of these diseases brought into force Feb. 1st, 1893.

CONSUMPTION.—The number of deaths registered as due to Consumption (Phthisis) is 360, 6 of which were those of children under 5 years of age.

In the Wards the highest rates were in the South, West and North Wards, which had respectively a death-rate of 2·6, 2·2, and 2·0 per 1,000 of the population, the lowest rate, viz. 0·9 per 1,000, being in Bolton and Allerton.

BRONCHITIS, PNEUMONIA, AND PLEURISY.—To these affections of the chest 724 deaths were attributed, 318 being in children under 5 years old, and 406 in persons over this age.

The deaths were distributed over the quarters of the years as follows :—

1st Quarter.	2nd Quarter.	3rd Quarter.	4th Quarter.
207	181	115	221

CANCER.—To one or other of the various forms of malignant disease the deaths of 146 persons were attributed, 44 being of males and 102 of females.

TABLE XXXII.

Synopsis of deaths from Cancer during the Years 1886-1894.

	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
Total No. of Deaths	100	122	129	137	129	142	159	129	146
Males	23	29	28	50	52	44	52	40	44
Females	77	93	101	87	77	98	107	89	102

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.—To this class of diseases there were attributed 566 deaths, including 176 from convulsions, 97 from Meningitis, and 94 from Apoplexy.

Of the deaths from Convulsions 174 were under 5 years of age, of those from Meningitis 70 were under 5 years of age, and from Apoplexy the number of deaths over 55 years of age was 73.

DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM caused 330 deaths, of which were in children under 5 years of age. In the previous year the deaths from these diseases amounted to 396.

DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS.—From these diseases there were registered 191 deaths, as compared with 253 for 1893; from diseases of the genito-urinary system 106, as compared with 101 for 1893, and from diseases of the joints and skin 58, as compared with 65 for the previous year.

The number of deaths from VIOLENCE amounted to 123, of which 104 were attributed to accident or negligence, 2 to homicide, and 17 to suicide, of which last 7 were by hanging, and 3 by drowning.

Of the violent deaths 28 were in children under 5 years of age, 12 of whom were in children under 12 months, accidentally suffocated; to burns and scalds there were ascribed 12, and to fractures and contusions 2 deaths in children under five years old.

Inquests.

Two hundred and fifty-two inquests were held during the year, as compared with 219 and 225, the numbers for 1892 and 1893 respectively. Seventy-four of the inquests were in children under 5 years of age.

Uncertified Deaths.

The number of uncertified deaths during the year was 35, equal to a rate of 0.9 per cent. of the total deaths. The average for the 32 provincial towns was 2.3 per cent.

TABLE XXXIII.

Showing the Death-rate per 1,000 in Bradford, and in each of its 15 Wards from Zymotic Diseases, and from all causes during 1882—1894.

WARDS.	Seven principal Zymotic Diseases.												All Causes.													
	1882. 6 mo.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1882. 6 mo.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
North	3·4	2·8	2·6	1·4	2·2	2·4	1·4	3·0	3·5	1·7	2·2	3·4	1·4	24·0	22·3	20·2	17·6	21·2	27·4	20·1	21·7	24·9	25·1	21·6	23·4	19·0
South	3·1	4·7	4·5	3·4	6·2	3·2	2·0	1·8	2·6	2·0	2·1	4·4	2·0	18·3	18·8	19·0	20·4	21·7	24·5	20·1	23·3	25·9	25·3	20·6	25·1	18·9
East	1·6	1·5	2·7	1·7	2·0	2·4	0·9	1·3	1·4	1·8	1·9	1·6	1·2	18·6	16·5	18·8	17·1	18·7	16·3	16·2	17·2	18·9	21·6	16·6	17·8	15·5
West	4·2	1·6	3·2	1·5	1·9	5·1	1·7	3·7	3·5	2·3	1·5	1·9	2·0	20·9	19·3	24·0	18·6	22·7	24·5	18·0	25·8	27·0	24·8	20·0	23·7	18·6
Listerhills ...	2·3	1·1	2·2	1·4	1·6	1·7	1·1	2·6	1·2	1·3	0·7	1·0	1·4	17·7	16·1	18·5	16·8	18·0	16·4	16·3	18·6	21·2	22·4	18·1	18·6	15·8
Great Horton ...	1·4	0·4	1·7	1·5	1·5	3·4	1·1	2·3	0·7	2·7	1·3	2·7	1·5	18·8	17·0	21·9	17·3	16·0	20·7	15·2	18·7	19·0	20·4	17·9	17·5	16·9
Little Horton ...	3·9	1·7	2·9	1·4	2·4	2·1	1·6	3·4	2·0	1·5	1·8	2·8	1·8	16·7	17·7	18·0	17·4	16·0	15·9	16·3	15·6	19·2	21·1	19·0	20·3	16·8
East Bowling ...	3·9	1·2	1·9	1·7	2·1	2·6	1·6	2·3	4·0	2·5	1·4	3·9	2·9	20·0	19·2	22·4	20·5	22·6	22·3	13·4	23·4	24·1	24·5	17·6	20·3	18·7
West Bowling ...	3·6	1·3	3·4	0·9	2·1	2·3	3·1	4·1	1·4	2·0	1·8	4·5	1·8	21·8	25·0	22·2	16·7	19·0	17·3	17·8	18·9	18·8	21·9	18·4	21·4	18·3
Exchange ...	2·7	1·1	2·5	0·7	3·7	2·4	1·8	4·6	3·2	1·1	2·5	3·0	1·9	19·6	19·7	20·7	17·4	29·7	24·9	27·5	26·1	28·3	19·4	20·8	22·2	16·0
Bradford Moor	3·9	1·3	1·9	1·2	2·2	3·1	2·4	2·1	2·0	2·1	1·1	2·8	2·1	22·6	21·1	21·5	18·3	18·7	22·1	21·2	20·6	20·4	24·6	17·2	20·3	17·4
Manningham ...	2·7	0·9	2·1	1·5	1·9	3·0	1·1	2·7	1·9	3·1	0·9	3·3	1·8	19·2	15·4	18·3	18·0	18·4	19·1	14·3	17·2	18·7	22·1	17·6	20·2	18·9
Bolton	0·6	1·7	1·8	0·8	1·5	3·0	0·5	1·5	1·9	0·7	2·0	2·6	1·0	16·0	14·6	15·3	13·6	17·0	16·2	13·6	14·4	17·9	15·3	14·3	19·7	14·5
Heaton	2·7	1·1	1·8	1·7	1·2	2·9	0·5	2·9	1·0	2·3	1·1	2·7	0·9	18·9	15·0	17·9	13·8	16·5	18·5	13·7	15·6	15·8	19·1	14·3	17·4	12·9
Allerton	2·8	0·7	2·2	0·9	1·5	1·8	1·2	1·9	1·1	1·7	1·0	3·2	1·3	17·7	16·5	21·1	16·3	16·2	16·1	14·2	14·8	16·6	18·4	15·7	21·2	12·4
BOROUGH TOTAL	3·2	1·5	2·5	1·5	2·2	2·8	1·6	2·65	2·08	2·35	1·46	3·22	1·65	21·3	18·3	20·0	17·7	19·1	19·86	17·15	19·11	20·14	22·12	17·91	20·90	16·95

TABLE XXXIV.

Shewing the mean Death-rate per 1,000 in Bradford and each of its fifteen wards from all causes and from 7 of the principal Zymotic Diseases during the five years, 1890 to 1894.

WARDS.	Mean Death-rate from 7 principal Zymotic Diseases during five years 1890 to 1894.	Mean Death-rate from all causes during five years 1890 to 1894.
North ...	2.4	22.8
South ...	2.6	23.2
East ...	1.6	18.1
West ...	2.8	22.8
Listerhills ...	1.1	19.2
Great Horton ...	1.8	18.3
Little Horton ...	2.0	19.3
East Bowling ...	2.9	21.0
West Bowling ...	2.3	19.8
Exchange ...	2.3	21.3
Bradford Moor ...	2.0	20.0
Manningham ...	2.2	19.5
Bolton ...	1.6	16.3
Heaton ...	1.6	15.9
Allerton ...	1.7	16.9
BOROUGH TOTAL ...	2.15	19.60

TABLE XXXV.

An Analysis of the Vital and Mortal Statistics of Thirty-three of the Largest English Towns during the Year 1894.

Towns	Estimated Middle Population 1894.	Annual Rate per 1,000 Living.	Deaths.		Births.		Deaths.		Deaths.		Scarlet Fever.		Diphtheria.		Whooping-Cough.		Fever.		Diphtheria.		Deaths of Children under one year of age to 1,000 Births.		Rate per cent. of Deaths.	
			Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	Principals Diseases.	Deaths.	
33 Towns ...	10,458,442	320,497	188,995	30·7	18·1	2·4	25,412	450	6,553	2,177	3,979	5,033	1,997	5,223	152	1·7	159	2·3	152	1·7	159	2·3		
32 Provincial Towns	6,109,276	189,944	111,956	31·2	18·4	2·3	13,868	361	3,260	1,215	1,309	2,936	1,344	3,443	159	2·3	159	2·3	159	2·3	159	2·3		
London ...	4,349,166	130,553	77,039	30·1	17·8	2·7	11,544	89	3,293	962	2,670	2,097	101	45	108	143	0·8	143	0·8	143	0·8	143	0·8	
West Ham ...	238,184	8,067	3,841	34·0	16·2	3·2	758	49	229	36	190	101	45	108	138	4·2	138	4·2	138	4·2	138	4·2		
Croydon ...	111,921	2,793	1,472	25·0	13·2	1·5	172	...	40	8	32	62	7	23	121	...	121	...	121	...	121	...		
Brighton ...	118,715	3,055	1,943	25·8	16·4	1·2	143	...	36	4	26	14	11	52	138	1·4	138	1·4	138	1·4	138	1·4		
Portsmouth ...	170,973	4,709	2,584	27·6	15·2	2·0	332	4	138	15	33	41	27	74	131	0·8	131	0·8	131	0·8	131	0·8		
Plymouth ...	87,931	2,528	1,605	28·8	18·3	1·6	139	5	3	8	5	78	11	29	169	1·2	169	1·2	169	1·2	169	1·2		
Bristol ...	226,578	6,373	3,900	28·2	17·3	2·0	461	16	114	16	48	176	22	69	150	1·3	150	1·3	150	1·3	150	1·3		
Cardiff ...	148,890	5,103	2,408	34·4	16·2	1·9	283	1	11	8	69	123	8	68	141	1·2	141	1·2	141	1·2	141	1·2		
Swansea ...	95,399	3,069	1,621	32·3	17·0	1·8	168	...	26	23	10	77	12	20	163	1	163	1	163	1	163	1		
Wolverhampton ...	85,036	2,889	1,755	34·1	20·7	3·2	274	5	72	53	35	28	17	64	166	0·7	166	0·7	166	0·7	166	0·7		
Birmingham ...	492,301	15,562	9,125	31·7	18·6	2·5	1,225	170	327	76	75	214	106	257	163	1	163	1	163	1	163	1		

Nottingham ...	...	22,5394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394
Derby ...	...	98,796	2,890	1,479	293	15.0	1.6	160	...	64	15	5	16	26	34	123	0.7	2
Birkenhead ...	...	105,627	3,223	1,902	306	18.1	2.6	278	1	92	12	41	67	17	48	143	0.5	2
Liverpool ...	...	507,230	17,893	12,062	35.4	23.8	3.4	1,726	20	299	229	97	276	297	508	179	3.5	2
Bolton ...	...	118,303	3,721	2,217	31.5	18.8	1.8	215	...	21	9	10	59	26	90	162	0.9	2
Manchester ...	...	520,211	16,606	10,592	32.0	20.4	2.4	1,235	23	224	113	146	287	96	346	160	1.3	2
Salford ...	...	205,828	7,041	4,310	34.3	21.0	3.3	667	2	146	112	63	140	63	141	174	2.8	2
Oldham ...	...	135,755	3,762	2,575	27.2	18.6	1.8	255	23	56	21	39	57	15	44	161	0.8	2
Burnley ...	...	96,478	3,099	1,799	32.2	18.7	2.5	237	...	36	51	29	17	27	77	170	1.8	2
Blackburn ...	...	125,797	3,617	2,244	28.8	17.9	1.6	201	...	13	9	18	42	33	86	169	3.6	2
Preston ...	...	111,425	3,566	2,312	32.1	20.8	2.6	290	1	37	12	8	46	29	157	217	4.8	2
Huddersfield	...	98,511	1,988	1,552	20.2	15.8	1.4	142	...	13	23	22	54	12	18	160	3.4	2	
Halifax ...	...	92,861	2,142	1,526	23.1	16.5	0.9	81	4	33	3	12	19	6	4	135	4.9	2
BRADFORD ...	...	223,985	5,960	3,797	26.6	16.9	1.6	371	27	111	72	13	63	32	53	144	0.9	2
Leeds ...	...	388,761	12,502	6,927	32.2	17.9	2.0	776	3	290	52	73	131	52	175	155	1.0	2
Sheffield ...	...	338,316	11,267	5,994	33.4	17.8	2.3	765	...	165	40	66	239	64	191	157	3.6	2
Hull ...	...	212,679	6,886	3,683	32.4	17.4	1.8	373	3	93	39	29	81	40	88	142	4.2	2
Sunderland ...	...	136,101	4,768	2,821	35.1	20.8	3.1	415	...	116	25	9	70	82	113	167	1.0	2
Gateshead ...	...	93,372	3,180	1,644	34.2	17.7	2.4	219	1	93	6	21	31	23	44	152	0.9	2
Newcastle-on-Tyne	...	201,947	6,250	3,684	31.0	18.3	2.2	435	..	96	29	32	154	27	97	157	1.0	2	

Sanitation.

Towards the close of the Small-pox epidemic, in the middle of the year, it was noticed that the number of children presented at the Public Vaccination Stations was seriously falling off. The following notice was therefore issued on bills posted over the town, and at the same time precautions were issued in reference to the prevention of diarrhoeal disorders :—

County Borough of Bradford.

CAUTION.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.—SMALL-POX AND VACCINATION.

It is at this time of the year that Diarrhoea and other diseases due to accumulations of filth are likely to become prevalent.

Householders, parents, and others, having the care of children, are therefore earnestly requested to take the following precautions :

1.—To boil milk and all liquid foods given to young children, and to frequently scald all vessels in which milk is stored.

2.—To wash the feeding bottles of infants with hot water immediately after use, and to keep the tubes free from sour milk.

3.—To avoid food which has begun to decay, especially fruit.

4.—To empty no “slops” into ashpits. Solid house refuse, such as cabbage leaves, potato peelings and scraps of meat or fish, should be burnt, and all waste liquids poured down the drain.

5.—To keep the backyards clean, and not to allow the contents of ashpits to accumulate without notice being given at the Nuisance Office, Town Hall.

6.—To give immediate notice to the Sanitary Inspector of any accumulation of refuse, manure, or offensive material in the neighbourhood of the house.

7.—To observe the utmost cleanliness in house and person.

Lime for limewashing and disinfectants can be obtained free of charge any day on application at the Health Office, Chapel Lane, and brushes and buckets for limewashing may be had on loan also, without charge.

In reference to Vaccination as a preventive against Small-pox, and in view of the erroneous and misleading statements that have recently appeared in the local press, I think it right to call attention to the following facts :

1.—That during the recent epidemic of Small-pox in Bradford, there occurred 935 cases of the disease, of which 100 proved fatal, the death-rate therefore amongst those attacked was $10\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

2.—Amongst those who had been vaccinated the death-rate was only 5 per cent. whereas amongst the unvaccinated persons attacked it was over 28 per cent., hence the mortality amongst the unvaccinated was five-and-a-half times greater than that of the vaccinated.

3.—There was no death from Small-pox of any person under the age of 15 years who had been vaccinated in infancy, but there occurred 34 fatal cases under this age in persons who had never been vaccinated.

4.—Amongst the numerous staff of nurses, servants and others engaged at the Bradford Small-pox Hospital, there occurred no case of this disease. All had been protected by vaccination or re-vaccination immediately before commencing their duties.

The above facts show the benefits conferred by vaccination in infancy and re-vaccination at or about the age of 12 years.

By Order,

W. ARNOLD EVANS, M.D., Medical Officer of Health.

Town Hall, Bradford, July 20th, 1894.

The New Small-pox Hospital.

It is a source of great satisfaction to know that Bierley Hall, with part of the estate adjoining, has now become the property of the Corporation. This estate is well removed from any thickly populated district, and will form an admirable site for the isolation and treatment of persons suffering from Small-pox; its area is $28\frac{1}{2}$ acres, and consists of land in some parts wooded and in others devoted to pasture. The inquiry of the Local Government Board, in reference to the purchase of the estate, was held on the 19th and 20th of September, 1894; the sanction of the Board was received on March 17th, 1895, and the conveyance of the estate completed on July 12th, 1895.

Disinfecting Station.

The following articles have been disinfected and houses fumigated during the year:—

Total number of houses fumigated and list of articles disinfected during 1894.

		1893.	1894.
Houses fumigated ...	...	1928	1056
Articles disinfected:—			
Beds ...	758	Trousers ...	216
Mattresses ...	357	Drawers...	82
Pillows ...	1366	Flannel Vests ...	116
Bolsters...	632	Dresses ..	379
Blankets ...	1284	Petticoats ...	397
Counterpanes ...	1077	Hose ...	250
Curtains...	33	Dressing Gowns ...	41
Carpets ...	86	Shawls ...	477
Rugs ...	81	Cushions ...	152
Coats ...	488	Mats and Sundries	3815
Waistcoats ...	204		
		TOTAL ...	12291

New Buildings.

Table A shows that 64 new buildings have been certified as fit for habitation during the year.

TABLE A.

Shewing number of New Buildings certified as fit for habitation in each of the Wards, and in the whole Borough, during the years, 1889-94.

WARD.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
North	29	9	...	64	43	8
South	92	104	104	69	35	16
East	78	77	20	49	98	54
West	4	3	...	3	4	9
Listerhills	82	173	72	30	17	13
Great Horton ...	27	67	59	37	53	106
Little Horton ...	16	15	40	42	4	19
East Bowling ...	27	31	61	48	60	78
West Bowling ...	162	187	98	59	103	115
Exchange	3	2	1	...	...	1
Bradford Moor...	131	85	98	76	110	87
Manningham ...	76	130	125	116	148	44
Bolton	86	41	48	30	20	24
Heaton	68	98	31	35	65	18
Allerton	57	48	69	16	22	49
BOROUGH TOTAL	938	1070	826	674	782	641

REPORT

OF THE

CHIEF INSPECTOR OF NUISANCES.

TO THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

SIR,—The following statement shews the nature and amount of work done in the Sanitary Department during the year 1894, including an abstract of work carried out in the previous nine years.

Particulars of work done.	<i>No. of Cases.</i>									
	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
Drains opened and cleansed ...	1305	1207	1125	1011	1356	1298	1429	1178	1236	1518
Drains provided for premises which had previously been without drainage	179	97	36	41	17	13	17	32	16	87
Sink drains disconnected from the sewer or otherwise efficiently trapped	2783	1149	788	345	623	871	632	508	365	565
Street Gullies cleansed	3022	3116	2656	2976	2184	2867	3648	3602	4064	4831
Water Conductors provided and down spouts connected with the drains	700	870	665	828	1062	1251	1143	1127	947	1977
Swine and Swine Styes removed from objectionable situations	93	55	45	45	24	30	29	13	31	20
Fowls, etc., removed from dwelling-houses	122	128	114	99	162	219	114	127	87	144
Accumulations of offensive matter removed	187	172	193	187	479	596	689	399	257	317
Filthy Yards and Passages cleansed	334	418	508	416	484	578	1099	561	481	955
Surface of back yards and defective pavement repaired ...	242	164	125	143	219	270	191	199	287	395
Defective Water Closets repaired	217	162	119	114	236	100	111	137	216	310

Particulars of work done.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
Stagnant Water removed from Ashpits	291	320	214	251	495	376	345	286	285	419
Privies and Ashpits repaired and provided with suitable doors and covers	1328	1017	927	1051	1177	957	779	924	964	1623
Foul Urinals repaired	19	34	25	30	32	35	20	13	46	32
Filthy Cellar Areas cleansed ...	90	85	71	131	80	81	84	74	57	85
Offensive Manure Pits removed	25	38	38	36	46	48	26	27	27	29
Defective Baths and Wash Basins repaired and disconnected from the drains	173	90	155	124	35	54	25	59	51	77
Privies and Ashpits removed from objectionable positions and re-constructed on improved sites	759	423	326	334	370	391	265	196	2	291
New Water Closets erected ...	105	97	159	120	156	179	242	321	507	378
Stagnant Water drained off premises	102	160	101	133	130	132	92	83	132	190
Filthy Privies cleansed and lime-washed	963	1542	939	1327	1198	1167	1118	1026	1063	1365
Houses and Cellar Dwellings white-washed	313	321	151	224	295	283	237	258	254	341
Houses and Cellar Dwellings disinfected	639	949	1081	456	639	532	1081	779	1979	1015
Houses closed as unfit for human habitation	4	3	...	...	5	16	13	8	1	20
Cellar Dwellings closed as unfit for human habitation	18	15	1	2	15	11	18	9	1	16
Workshops closed as unfit for human habitation ... ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
General repairs of houses... ..	50	49	27	71	42	34	29	42	36	78
Improvement and Ventilation of premises by the removal of out-buildings, etc., from back yards	121	101	127	172	197	127	81	92	20	54
Abatement of Nuisances from over-crowding of houses and cellar dwellings	7	13	15	14	18	41	26	24	24	24

Particulars of work done.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.
Foul Wells closed ... ... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
Offensive businesses discontinued	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	2	2	1 ...
Foul Mill Dams cleansed	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	4	...
Rag Warehouses cleansed ...	11	8	14	21	2	6	...	4	2	2
Tripe Boilers' premises inspected	...	72	301	343	209	88	107	86	112	243
Fellmongers' premises inspected	...	...	14	97	194	10	24	34	12	20
Houses inspected where infectious diseases have occurred...	366	1206	1180	399	563	522	1148	1031	2606	2670
Bakehouses inspected ... ...	...	...	...		11	33	62	43	34	25
Mill and Workshop Closets inspected...	...	...	...	..	...	...	1613	269	140	509

The above particulars represent only those cases where Statutory Notices have been served, and do not include Nuisances prevented or abated on the verbal request of the Inspectors.

The number of persons summoned for non-abatement of Nuisances after Notices given is 17.

Night Scavenging.

During the year the Contractors have, according to the returns of the Sanitary Officers, emptied 88,499 ashpits, and removed therefrom 9,195 loads of soil and 63,460 loads of rubbish, or a total of 72,655 loads.

There are now 49 railway wagons belonging to the Corporation, which are placed at the service of the contractors as against 60 last year, 11 having been withdrawn by arrangement with the contractors as being in excess of the number actually required in carrying out the work.

Burial Grounds.

During the year 130 visits have been made by the Sanitary Officers to the various graveyards within the Borough, but no irregularities have been observed.

Dangerous and Unfenced Places.

During the year 378 places, including houses and other buildings, have been reported by the Sanitary Officers as being in a dangerous condition. These have been dealt with and made secure from personal danger, either under the direction of the Borough Surveyor or the Chief Inspector of Nuisances.

Public Urinals.

The number of Public Urinals within the Borough is 35, as against 32 last year.

During the year 3 Public Urinals have been erected, viz. 1 in the stone staith at Horton Bank, 1 in the stone staith at Legrams Lane, and 1 by arrangement with the Midland Railway Company at School Street.

Arrangements have also been made for the erection of additional Urinals at the following places, the owners of the respective sites having given their consent thereto, viz.:—1 at Sticker Lane, on land belonging to the Trustees of the late Thomas B. Sutcliffe; 1 at Leeds Road, on land belonging to the Hon. H. E. Butler; 1 at Allerton, on land belonging to Messrs. James Wood and Co.; and 1 at Manchester Road, on land belonging to Mr. William Morritt Spence.

By permission of the Poor Law Guardians a Public Urinal has been erected in the Workhouse grounds in Little Horton Lane.

Canal Boats.

There is still only one Canal Boat registered within the Borough, and this, along with 202 others registered with other Authorities but plying on the Canal within the Borough, has been examined by the Chief Inspector of Nuisances or his Assistant, Mr. Rhodes. In 11 cases the boats were found to be not in accordance with the regulations; 6 having defective cabins, 3 had no certificate of registration on board, and 1 had no water cask on board.

The owners of all the defective boats were formally requested by the Chief Inspector of Nuisances to have the boats thoroughly repaired, and accordingly the whole of the necessary repairs have since been carried out.

Common Lodging-houses.

The number of Common Lodging-houses within the Borough is 42 as against 43 last year.

The houses contain 221 rooms for sleeping purposes, and are registered to accommodate 1,834 persons nightly.

The number of persons who have been accommodated during the year is 355,445 ; the nightly average being 973.

The number of visits paid to these houses during the year by the Sanitary Officers is 2,013, and their reports shew the houses to have been fairly well conducted with one exception. The offender was summoned before the Justices on the charge of neglecting to have the blankets, rugs, bedclothes, and covers, used in such lodging-house, thoroughly cleansed and scoured, as required by the Lodging-house Regulations, when the case was dismissed on payment of costs.

Adulteration of Food and Drugs.

During the year ending 1894, 260 samples of food have been submitted to the Borough Analyst by the Food Inspector for analysis. Of these 246 were certified by the Analyst as not adulterated, and 14 were found to be adulterated. Three of the offenders were prosecuted before the Justices, and penalties amounting with costs to £4 5s. od. were inflicted. The rest of the offenders appeared before the Sanitary Committee, and were cautioned.

The following Table shews the nature of articles submitted for analysis, together with the amount of penalties inflicted against offenders for the year ending December, 1894.

NATURE OF FOOD.	Totals.	Adulterated.	Pur.e.	Proceedings.	Convictions.	Proceedings.	Dismised with Costs.	Proceedings.	Amount of Penalties.	Amount of Costs.	REMARKS.			
									£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Milk	191	9	182	1	1	...	...	8	8	...	...	...	...	...
Condensed Milk ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Butter	10	2	8	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pepper	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Whiskey	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rum	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beer	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Flour	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bread	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rising Flour ...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cheese	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vinegar	4	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	18 6
Lard	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Preserves	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ginger	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tinned Green Peas ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sweets	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paregoric	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ice Cream ...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Spirits of Nitre ...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	18 6	18 6	18 6
Totals	260	14	246	3	2	1	11	2	0	0	2	5	0	

Dairies, Cow-sheds, and Milk-shops.

There are at present within the Borough, under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, 252 Cow-sheds and 1,083 Dairies, Milkshops, and Purveyors of Milk, as against 258 and 1,043 respectively last year.

During the year 132 applications have been made for registration of premises for the sale of milk, and upon inspection by the Medical Officer of Health or the Dairies and Cow-sheds Inspector, 80 of these were found to be suitable, and were registered accordingly.

One milk dealer, whose dairy and milk vessels were found to be in a dirty condition, appeared before the Sanitary Committee, and was cautioned as to his future conduct. Several others were warned by letter for similar offences.

Inspection has been frequently made, as heretofore, of the milk and milk vessels coming into the town by railway and otherwise from places beyond the Borough. Numerous samples of milk thus delivered have been taken by the Food Inspector for analysis, and the results shew the milk to have been genuine and of good quality.

The number of visits and inspections made by the Officers have been as follows:—Cow-sheds, 950; Milk-shops, 2,616; and Milk Vessels, 1,512.

Where the sanitary conditions of Cow-sheds and Milk-shops were found to be defective, notices were served upon the owners and occupiers requiring improvements to be carried out, with the result that 9 Cow-sheds, which were in defective sanitary condition, have been put into good order, and at 7 others the necessary alterations are in progress.

Special attention has also been paid to the Fried Fish Shops and Ice Cream Makers' premises within the Borough, and a marked improvement has been effected in these places in regard to cleanliness and more careful manipulation of the commodities produced thereat.

Inspection of Meat, Slaughter-houses, Potted Meat and Sausage Manufactories.

There have been 183 seizures of Unsound Meat, Fish, and Fruit. In three cases the offenders were summoned before the Justices, and penalties and costs amounting to £4 16s. od. were inflicted against two of the offenders, and one was dismissed.

There have been seized and destroyed 19,302 lbs. of beef, 1,780 lbs. of mutton, 630 lbs. of veal, 7,548 lbs. of pork, 16 tons of fish, 1 cwt. of bloaters, 58 bags of cockles, 79 bags of mussels, 1,089 boxes of kippers, 7 boxes of red herrings, 25 crabs, 3 baskets of shrimps, 1 bag of whelks, 5 barrels of pears, 28 baskets of plums, 20 baskets of black currants, 5 tons 11 cwts. of carrots, 2 cwts. of pickled tongues, and 1 goat.

The number of Slaughter-houses under the old regulations is 8, and there are 5 others for which licenses have to be applied for annually.

The number of places at which Potted Meat and Sausages are made is 68, as against 72 last year. These places are regularly visited and reported upon by the Inspectors.

The number of visits made during the year has been as follows:—Private Slaughter-houses, 400; Potted Meat and Sausage Works, 1,259. The Public Abbatoirs are visited daily.

Cattle Disease.

During the year there have been four outbreaks of Swine Fever within the Borough, 30 animals being affected with the disease, 8 of which died, and were burned at the Corporation Refuse Destructor Works at Hammerton Street and Sunbridge Road.

Each outbreak was promptly notified by the Sanitary Officers, through the Police, to the Board of Agriculture, in accordance with the Orders in Council, which provide that all cattle affected

with Contagious or Infectious disease shall now be dealt with by the Officers of the Board, instead of by the Local Authority as heretofore.

Two cases of Rabies occurred, viz., one at Derby House, Thornbury, a dog owned by Mr. William Jewsbury being affected with the disease, and the other a stray dog also found to be suffering from the disease, owner not known. In both cases the animals were killed by the police, and the carcases afterwards burned under the supervision of the Sanitary Officers at the Refuse Destructor Works at Hammerton Street, and full particulars of each outbreak were duly forwarded at the time of occurrence to the Board of Agriculture.

Yours obediently,

JAS. CHAMBERS.

REPORT
OF
INSPECTOR OF WORKSHOPS.

—:o:—
[FIRST YEAR OF ADOPTION OF SHOP HOURS' ACT, 1892.]
—:o:—

TO THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

DEAR SIR,

I have to report that during the year 13 young persons have been found to have been employed over 74 hours during a week.

Twenty-nine young persons were found employed illegally, a large number of them after having been employed a full day at the mill, and the others were not qualified from age or education.

There are still a large number of employers who do not know that regulations are required to be posted, 25 cases having been reported during the year. Three cases were found of working during meal hours, and 6 cases of overtime.

Overcrowding has been dealt with in 7 cases, but there are still a number of workshops which require better ventilation. Several new workshops have been opened for these reasons. I am bound to say that in some trades the workpeople do not avail themselves of the ventilation already existing.

The sanitary condition of 18 shops and workshops has been dealt with, while 1 has been closed.

Separate closet accommodation for the sexes has been provided in 11 cases, while additional provision is provided in 4 cases.

The time for limewashing was exceeded by 31 persons, but was immediately attended to on attention being called to the fact.

Three places were found where people worked and slept in the same room.

Two obnoxious trades were found (chloride of lime and dry soap packing) and careful provision made for the protection of the workers.

One case of Mohair Sorting without fan was discovered.

FRANK ARMITAGE.

REPORT
OF THE
MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT
OF THE
FEVER HOSPITAL,
FOR THE YEAR 1894.

—:o:—

GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit my Report on the work of the Fever Hospital for the year 1894.

The number of Patients who passed through the Wards during the twelvemonths amounted to 621, of these 38 proved fatal, giving the low death-rate of 6·5 per cent.

At the commencement of the year the Hospital contained 38 patients suffering from Small-pox, and it was not until February 14th, when the last of them was discharged, that the painting, cleansing and disinfection of the Wards, rendered necessary by the admission of Small-pox cases, could be undertaken. The Hospital was re-opened for Fever cases on March 20th. Between this date and the time of its closure, several important improvements and alterations were carried out. The Wards which were originally designed for the safe isolation of Small-pox cases were considerably altered, the windows being made to open, ventilators inserted, and stoves provided for each Ward; these Wards have since been used for the treatment of Typhoid Fever, so that Patients suffering from this disease are now separated by a considerable space from the Scarlatina Wards.

The Laundry, which was old-fashioned and inadequate for the needs of the Hospital, has been re-modelled; the old Drying

Chamber being re-constructed on more modern principles, and a New Engine and Hydro-Extractor added.

Fire-hydrants and a sufficient length of hose have been placed at points over the Hospital convenient for the instant extinction of fire, should the necessity arise. The pressure in the water mains has been improved by placing the Hospital on the high level service.

A new hot water supply for Wards I. II. and III. has been provided.

Considerable alterations have been effected in the Hospital Grounds, and the wall on the east side raised about two feet.

During the year 525 cases of Scarlet Fever were admitted, 30 of which ended fatally, giving a death-rate of 5.7 per cent.

Forty-two cases of Enteric Fever were received, a number considerably below the average. Of these cases 8 died, the death-rate being therefore 19 per cent. All the fatal cases were those of persons over 20 years of age.

Thirteen cases after admission were found not to be suffering from the disease for which they were certified, they were as follows:—Measles, 3; Dyspepsia, 2; Noticaria 2; Abscess of Liver 1; Pleurisy, 1; Catarrh 1; Bromidism 1; Rheumatism 1; Diphtheria, 1.

Two Nurses contracted Typhoid Fever, but I am pleased to state both made a good recovery.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

Your faithful Servant,

A. E. FOSTER.

APPENDIX.

TABLE A.—*General Statement.*

Remaining in Hospital 31st December, 1893	...	...	...	38
Admitted during 1894	...	...	...	<u>583</u>
				621
Discharged, relieved or cured	...	...	...	508
Died	...	...	...	38
Remaining in Hospital 31st December, 1894	...	...	...	<u>75</u>
				621

TABLE B.
Shewing number of cases admitted during each month of the year 1891.

1891.	Months.	Scarlet Fever.			Enteric Fever.			Small-Pox.			Other Diseases.			Total Admissions.			
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
January	1	1	2	...	1	1	1	2	3	
February	1	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	1	
March	8	12	20	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	14	24
April	19	26	45	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	26	46
May	27	52	79	3	1	4	...	...	1	1	...	31	53	84
June	21	36	57	5	3	8	...	...	1	1	...	1	27	39
July	37	36	73	3	...	3	...	...	1	1	1	2	41	36
August	35	25	60	3	...	3	...	...	1	1	1	2	40	26
September	23	28	51	3	2	5	...	...	1	1	1	2	28	31
October	25	40	65	2	1	3	...	...	1	3	4	27	44	71
November	26	25	51	3	...	3	...	...	1	2	2	29	26	55
December	9	15	24	7	1	8	...	...	1	1	...	15	16	31
TOTAL FOR YEAR ...	231	295	525	32	10	42	1	2	3	7	9	16	269	314	583		

TABLE C.—SCARLET FEVER.

Showing Admissions, Deaths, and Case Mortality from Scarlet Fever during the year 1894.

Age.	MALES.		FEMALES.		TOTAL.		
	No. Admitted.	No. Died.	No. Admitted.	No. Died.	Total Admitted.	No. Died.	Fatalities per cent.
Under 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1—2	6	...	5	1	11	1	9.9
2—3	12	3	15	4	27	7	25.9
3—4	15	1	24	1	39	2	5.1
4—5	27	1	36	5	63	6	9.5
Total under 5	...	...	...	...	140	16	11.5
5—10	113	5	151	4	264	9	11.4
10—15	41	2	42	2	83	4	4.8
15—20	10	...	13	...	23	...	...
20—25	3	1	4	...	7	1	14.2
25—30	2	...	2	...	4	...	...
30—35	2	...	2	...	4	...	...
35—40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Over 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL ...	231	13	291	17	525	30	5.7

The deaths of 7 patients occurred within 48 hours' after admission. If these be deducted the case mortality is reduced to 4.4 per cent.

TABLE D.—ENTERIC FEVER.

Showing Admissions, Deaths, and Case Mortality from Typhoid Fever during the year 1894.

Age	MALES.		FEMALES.		TOTAL.		
	Ad-missions.	Deaths.	Ad-missions.	Deaths.	Ad-missions.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 5	...	...	1	...	1	...	...
5-10	7	..	2	...	9	...	...
10-15	7	...	2	...	9	...	...
15-20	6	...	...	...	6	...	...
20-25	1	1	3	1	4	2	50.0
25-30	3	2	2	...	5	2	40.0
30-35	2	...	1	1	3	1	33.3
35-40	1	1	1	...	2	1	50.0
40-50	1	1	..	...	1	1	100.0
Over 50	2	1	...	...	2	1	50.0
TOTAL ...	30	6	12	2	42	8	19.0

BRADFORD UNION.—Vaccination Report for the Year 1893.

ABSTRACT OF RETURNS made on the 8th day of February, 1895, by the Vaccination Officers of the Bradford Union, respecting the Vaccination of Children whose Births have been Registered from 1st January, 1893, to 31st December, 1893, inclusive.

Registration— Sub-Districts.	Number of Births registered from 1st Jan., 1893, to 31st Dec., 1893.	Number of these Births duly entered by 8th Feb., 1895, in "Vaccination Register."					Per centage of cases finally accounted for to total Births.	Number of these Births which on 8th Feb., 1895, remained unentered in the "Vaccination Regis- ter" on account (as shewn by Report Book) of	Postpone- ment by Medical Certificate.	Removals and Cases not found.	All cases not accounted for in preceding columns.	
		Col. 10.	Col. II.		Col. 13.	Total duly entered in the Register as finally accounted for.						
		"Success- fully Vac- cinated."	"Insus- ceptible of Vaccina- tion."	"Had Small Pox."	"Dead Unvac- cinated."							
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Bowling ...	1008	676	6	...	123	805	79·9	4	76	...	...	123
2. Bradford East	1808	1183	10	...	282	1475	81·6	24	143	...	...	166
3. Bradford West	1612	1069	6	1	246	1322	82	5	165	...	...	120
4. Horton	1302	752	7	...	169	935	71·8	17	130	...	...	220
TOTAL	5730	3687	29	1	820	4537	79·2	59	514			629

TABLE OF POPULATION, BIRTHS, AND OF NEW CASES OF INFECTIOUS SICKNESS,

Coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health, during the year 1894, in the Urban Sanitary District of Bradford, classified according to Diseases, Ages, and Localities.

Names of Localities adopted for the purpose of these Statistics. (a)		POPULATION AT ALL AGES.		Aged under 5 or over 5 (e)	NEW CASES OF SICKNESS IN EACH LOCALITY, COMING TO THE KNOWLEDGE OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.											NUMBER OF SUCH CASES REMOVED FROM THEIR HOMES IN THE SEVERAL LOCALITIES FOR TREATMENT IN ISOLATION HOSPITAL.													
		Census 1891. (b)	Estimated to middle of 1894. (c)		Registered Births. (d)	Small-pox. Scarlatina. Diphtheria. Membranous Group.	FEVERS.						Cholera. Erysipelas.	Small-pox. Scarlatina. Diphtheria. Membranous Group.	FEVERS.						Typhus. Enteric or Typhoid. Continued. Relapsing. Puerperal.	Typhus. Enteric or Typhoid. Continued. Relapsing. Puerperal.	Cholera. Erysipelas.	Typhus. Enteric or Typhoid. Continued. Relapsing. Puerperal.	Cholera. Erysipelas.				
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
North	...	12783	13234	334	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	1 9	16 40	1 5	3 ...	...	1 10	...	...	...	3 ...	...	2 12	1 9	9 28	1 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South (H)	...	13124	13586	408	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	4 9	22 41	1 2	...	...	1 12	...	...	...	1 ...	...	6 ...	4 8	8 22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East	...	15583	16132	466	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	2 9	38 76	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	1 ...	...	1 10	2 9	17 37	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
West	...	14216	14712	359	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	18 27	3 2	1 ...	...	4	...	...	...	5 ...	...	12 ...	21 ...	10 13	2...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Listerhills	...	18696	19356	461	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	1 19	33 95	...	1 ...	...	11	1 ...	...	...	1 ...	...	2 17	1 19	20 45	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Great Horton (H)	...	14768	15293	397	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	2 22	30 71	2 1	...	...	5	...	...	...	2 ...	...	16 ...	2 22	7 18	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Little Horton	...	15306	15844	465	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	23 38	1 2	...	...	8	1 ...	...	...	2 ...	...	1 7	...	12 8	20 1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
East Bowling	...	16068	16630	449	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	16 30	2 4	1 ...	...	16	...	...	...	1 ...	...	1 12	...	8 9	15 1	...	...	...	1 12	...	...	...	...	...
West Bowling	...	17250	17859	539	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	1 18	12 54	...	1 ...	...	14	...	...	...	2 ...	...	10 ...	1 18	4 35	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Exchange	...	4846	5018	103	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	6 3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5 3	...	1 7	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bradford Moor	...	17520	18138	545	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	2 10	23 42	7 2	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	11 ...	1 10	12 29	1 1	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manningham	...	22469	23261	613	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	1 21	53 101	...	2 1	...	9	...	...	...	3 ...	...	8 ...	1 21	22 63	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bolton	...	8425	8723	213	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	1 3	10 14	...	1 1	...	5	...	...	...	1 ...	...	2 3	...	4 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Heaton	...	16108	16676	353	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	14 11	1 2	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1 7	...	9 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Allerton	...	9199	9523	255	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	8 29	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1 ...	...	1 1	...	4 9	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
BOROUGH TOTALS ...		216361	223985	5960	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	14 182	322 713	18 131	8 ...	...	136	1 1	1 1	1 22	...	136	13 180	143 378	2 4	...	...	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE OF DEATHS DURING THE YEAR 1894,

In the Urban Sanitary District of Bradford, classified according to Diseases, Ages, and Localities.

Names of Localities adopted for the purpose of these Statistics. (a)		MORTALITY FROM ALL CAUSES AT SUBJOINED AGES.							MORTALITY FROM SUBJOINED CAUSES, DISTINGUISHING DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER FIVE YEARS OF AGE.																														
		(b)		(c)		(d)		(e)		(f)		(g)		(h)		(i)		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
		At all ages.		Under 1 year.		1 and under 5.		5 and under 15.		15 and under 25.		25 and under 60.		60 and upw'ds.				Smallpox.	Scarlatina.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Typhus.	Enteric or Typhoid	Continued.	Relapsing.	Puerperal.	Cholera.	Erysipelas.	Measles.	Whooping Cough.	Diarrhea and Dysentery.	Rheumatic Fever.	Ague.	Phthisis.	Bronchitis, Pneumonia, and Pleurisy.	Heart Disease.	Injuries.	All other Diseases.	TOTAL.
North	...	219	53	31	11	9	73	42	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	2	...	1	1	6	2	3	1	24	19	12	2	47	84			
South	...	260	58	46	29	22	73	32	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	1	18	18	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	2	3	2	30	20	17	2	52	104
East	...	218	56	30	13	15	55	49	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	1	1	1	28	13	20	12	63	86
West	...	385	78	43	21	27	155	61	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	8	2	33	39	18	9	58	121		
Listerhills	...	266	61	39	10	11	87	58	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	8	5	3	2	25	20	22	1	57	100		
Great Horton	...	250	53	34	8	25	80	50	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	6	18	3	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	2	2	1	27	20	16	2	46	87	
Little Horton	...	490	74	38	12	17	153	196	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	3	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	13	4	3	2	42	30	50	1	58	112			
East Bowling	...	271	85	44	8	12	67	55	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	1	1	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	7	11	6	1	17	35	22	19	2	65	129		
West Bowling	...	285	68	41	14	21	79	62	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	1	2	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	9	1	4	3	1	30	30	20	4	60	109				
Exchange	...	70	17	7	4	2	28	12	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	4	4	...	5	9	7	1	9	24		
Bradford Moor	...	275	73	39	6	15	72	70	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	1	2	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	12	4	5	...	...	22	28	28	1	56	112		
Manningham	...	382	77	55	11	27	113	99	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	4	1	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	1	10	15	3	2	...	36	32	21	5	67	132								
Bolton	...	110	35	14	4	4	30	23	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	6	13	8	1	6	49				
Heaton	...	213	47	36	10	6	54	60	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	3	1	...	21	13	12	5	55	83			
Allerton	...	103	25	13	6	5	20	34	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	5	...	...	...	8	9	12	1	19	38			
BOROUGH TOTALS		3797	860	510	167	218	1139	903	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	7	20	34	38	7	6	5	...	1	12	...	5	2	106	62	44	1	...	6	318	406	267	28	741	1370					
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.																																							
Scholemoor Small-pox Hospital, (Great Horton)	...	24	3	3	...	4	13	1	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	6	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	18
St. Catherine's Cancer Home (West)	...	12	...	...	...	1	9	2	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	12
Children's Hospital, (Heaton)	...	26	7	14	5	...	...	...	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	21
Fever Hospital (South)	...	37	...	16	13	2	6	...	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	14	14	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	16
Infirmary (West)...	...	135	8	10	10	14	78	15	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	7
Workhouse (Little Horton)	...	258	15	3	2	9	94	135	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	240
TOTALS	...	492	33	46	30	30	200	153	Under 5 ... 5 and upwards	6	18	14	15	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	4	...	32	50	36	10	41	79	413	





